ON CORONA LIMIT OF TILINGS AND CRYSTAL GROWTH

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Why I had been reading Sci-Fi novels?

To feel a kind of sense of wonder.

I am a "sense of wonder" addict.

Definition of 'sense of wonder'

Wikipedia:

センス・オブ・ワンダーとは、一定の対象(SF作品、自然等) に触れることで受ける、ある種の不思議な感動、または不思議 な心理的感覚を表現する概念であり、それを言い表すための言 葉である。

A sense of wonder is <u>an intellectual and emotional</u> <u>state</u> most frequently invoked in discussions of <u>science fiction</u>.

His Master's Voice (Głos Pana) Stanisław Lem



「レムの『天の声』は情報科学の 本質をよく表していますね」 小林孝次郎

Wide-screen Baroque

A **very** small subclass of science fiction novels. For a reader who want to take a shower of sense of wonder.

A subgenre of science fiction characterized by larger-than-life characters, violence, intrigue, extravagant settings or actions, and fast-paced plotting. Brian Wilson Aldiss



Of course, the notion of 'sense of wonder' is not only for Sci-fi or nature.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7Mb47w0vB04

Even the case of pure literatures, we can discuss about there sense of wonder.

His Master's Voice (Głos Pana) Stanisław Lem



The Key Jun'ichirō Tanizaki



When I was a high school student, I was interested in micro/personal computers.

Why I felt a sense of wonder in personal computing?



But I chose a department of biophysical engineering.

Why I gave up entering a department of information engineering and choose that of bio-physical engineering?

Because I saw this machine at Fuji-Xerox Osaka showroom...

Almost everything I could imagine was there and it had already been sold as it is.

Xerox Star workstation 1981~ \$16,000~



富士ゼロックス8012-J スター インフォメーション システム

http://news.fujixerox.co.jp/image_library/detail/_imgid_000185/

The 'next' must be...

Is my thinking process printable to a storage?

Is it possible to download my consciousness?

Yes, I was actually serious at the time :-)

eg. Minsky believed so, but Penrose does not.





岩波書店

The department was founded by whom felt a sense of wonder in this book.

Norbert Wiener, Cybernetics: Or the Control and Communication in the Animal and the Machine. (1948)

cf. cyber-something

No one in the department knew exactly what cybernetics is.

No one in the department knew what tool is most effective for studiying cybernetics.

Far from 'Liberal Arts,' or rather unprincipled.

But it was toooo unprincipled, as the result, the set of lectures might close to that of liberal arts...

But there was a full of sense of wonder...

※個人の感想です



Introduction to Bio-physics



図 0.1 本書の論述の進め方 点線で示した下まわりの道をたどる.

- 1. Excitation of nerve membrane
- 2. Digital information processing
- 3. Theory of Turing



about the object system of any object system.

Let's imagine an object oriented language.

The class of 1,2,3... is INTEGER class. Then what is the class of INTEGER class?

self-reference, reflective system

This was an implementation and actually worked.

One of the origin of this type of **implementation** must be: A self-reproducing digital structure by von Neumann



von Neumann (Burks ed.) 1966

ナチュラルコンピューティング・シリーズ 萩谷昌己・横森 貴 m



Natural Computing

森田憲一 著

Any computing process can be simulated by reversible nondissipating system.

Theoretically, reversible computing process can be executed with no energy.

I thought there is a gateway to escape from energy consumption, if my thinking process can be printable.

置代料管神征保護コンテンツ」

The best way to gain the opportunity of invoking a sense of wonder is:

Just attend interesting lectures and read interesting books!

But I was employed in a university and have to create something :-(

How to create a thing invoking a new sense of wonder by yourself?

I have no idea...

22:10 scholar.google.co.jp



please give me a sense of wonder!

Q

● ウェブ全体から検索 ○ 日本語のページを検索

巨人の肩の上に立つ

A thing which was believed to be impossible turns out to be possible.

A thing which was believed to be trivially possible turns out to be impossible.

They might invoke a sense of wonder...

<u>A thing which was believed to be impossible</u> <u>turns out to be possible.</u>

A thing which was believed to be trivially possible turns out to be impossible. Usually it is difficult to show.

They might invoke a sense of wonder...

SELF-REPRODUCTION V.S.CRYSTAL GROWTH





A self-reproducing digital structure by von Neumann



LANGTON'S SELF-REPRODUCING MODEL

An 8-state cellular automaton "genetic information... interpreted and uninterpreted



Langton 1984 The condition of computation and construction universality is too excess for the model of biological self-reproduction.

A REVERSIBLE LOOP

• A reversible non-dissipating artificial life model



CRYSTAL GROWTH IS TRIVIAL?

Wang's tiles

The process of tiling by a wang tile set can simulate any computing process.

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wang_tile

COMPUTATION BY DNA TILES



Winfree 1998

Algorithmic self-assembly of DNA Sierpinski triangles

Rothemund et al, 2004

Seems to be too complex for a crystal growth.

SNOW CRYSTAL



regular_polygons

CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC RESTRICTION THEOREM

The crystallographic restriction theorem in its basic form was based on the observation that <u>the rotational</u> <u>symmetries of a crystal are usually limited to 2-fold</u>, <u>3-fold</u>, <u>4-fold</u>, and <u>6-fold</u>.

However, <u>quasicrystals</u> can occur with other diffraction pattern symmetries, such as <u>5-fold</u>; these were not discovered until 1982 by Dan Shechtman.

CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC RESTRICTION THEOREM

If we try to combine objects with 5-fold and 8-fold apparent symmetry, we cannot combine them in such a way that they completely fill space.



REGULAR TILINGS



CORONA

A simple model of crystal growth.

The o-th corona: a tile is defined as the tile itself

The k-th corona: the set of tiles sharing a boundary point with the (k–1)-th corona



CORONA & EDGE CORONA

The o-th corona: a tile is defined as the tile itself

The k-th corona: the set of tiles sharing a edge with the (k-1)-th corona





CORONAS OF REGULAR TILINGS



UNIFORM TILING





ARCHIMEDEAN TILINGS



3.12.12



3.4.6.4

3.3.4.3.4



4.6.12



3.6.3.6



3.3.3.3.6



3.3.3.4.4



4.8.8

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Euclidean_tilings_by_convex_regular_polygons

CORONA OF ALCHMEDAN TILINGS 1

33336









3636



3CC



CORONA OF ALCHMEDAN TILINGS 2

33434













33344



EDGE CORONA OF ALCHMEDAN TILINGS 1

33336



and transfer an and the property of the second seco



3636





3CC

46C



EDGE CORONA OF ALCHMEDAN TILINGS 2

33434









33344

488

EDGE CORONA OF 33434



2-UNIFORM TILINGS

p6m, *632						p4m, *442
[3 ⁶ ; 3 ² .4.3.4]	[3.4.6.4; 3 ² .4.3.4]	[3.4.6.4; 3 ³ .4 ²]	[3.4.6.4; 3.4 ² .6]	[4.6.12; 3.4.6.4]	[3 ⁶ ; 3 ² .4.12]	[3.12.12; 3.4.3.12]
(t=3, e=3)	(t=4, e=4)	(t=4, e=4)	(t=5, e=5)	(t=4, e=4)	(t=4, e=4)	(t=3, e=3)
p6m, *632	p6, 632	p6, 632	cmm, 2*22	pmm, *2222	cmm, 2*22	pmm, *2222
[3 ⁶ ; 3 ² .6 ²]	[3 ⁶ ; 3 ⁴ .6] ₁	[3 ⁶ ; 3 ⁴ .6] ₂	[3 ² .6 ² ; 3 ⁴ .6]	[3.6.3.6; 3 ² .6 ²]	[3.4 ² .6; 3.6.3.6] ₂	[3.4 ² .6; 3.6.3.6] ₁
(t=2, e=3)	(t=3, e=3)	(t=5, e=7)	(t=2, e=4)	(t=2, e=3)	(t=3, e=4)	(t=4, e=4)
p4g, 4*2	pgg, 2×	cmm, 2*22	cmm, 2*22	pmm, *2222	cmm, 2*22	
[3 ³ .4 ² ; 3 ² .4.3.4] ₁	[3 ³ .4 ² ; 3 ² .4.3.4] ₂	[4 ⁴ ; 3 ³ .4 ²] ₁	[4 ⁴ ; 3 ³ .4 ²] ₂	[3 ⁶ ; 3 ³ .4 ²] ₁	[3 ⁶ ; 3 ³ .4 ²] ₂	
(t=4, e=5)	(t=3, e=6)	(t=2, e=4)	(t=3, e=5)	(t=3, e=4)	(t=4, e=5)	

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Euclidean_tilings_by_convex_regular_polygons







corona

edge corona







I am lucky if some of you feel a sense of wonder in my talk.

But I actually hope each of you are feeling a sense of wonder in another topic of which I do not notice the interestingness at all.

Thank you.